

What is the Internet Project



Goal:

When learning a new skill - often the first step is to get the "jargon" down - every business or industry has it's own set of words/vocabulary that they use. We are going to create a Wiki that helps us understand some words that are often used in the internet world.

Details:

Add a new page to the wiki- name the page your first name last initial. Use the internet to find out the meaning of the words below. - make sure you are using a technology dictionary - and copy and paste the url where you found your information.

We are not looking to "copy and paste" definitions from other sites - I need to you study the words assigned to you and then type up in your own words the meaning - feel free to add pic's to your wiki if you think that will help.

Key terms to include:

1. Internet	26. Hyperlinks	51. B2B
2. Servers	27. Surfing	52. B2C
3. Clients	28. HTML	53. B2E
4. Switches	29. HTTP	54. Charles Babbage
5. Routers	30. FTP	55. Ava Lovelace
6. TCP IP	31. IM'ing	56. Backbone
7. Packets	32. SMS'ing	57. Backwards Compatible
8. Modem	33. Texting	58. Bandwidth
9. Browser	34. Blogging	59. GUI
10. ISP (include examples)	35. Web 2.0	60. Bit
11. Addresses or IP Addresses	36. RSS Feed	61. Byte
12. URL	37. Wiki	62. Binary
13. Worms	38. PDF	63. Firewall
14. Viruses	39. ASP	64. Beta
15. Phishing	40. Java	65. Bug
16. Trojan Horses	41. Flash	66. Bitmap
17. Anti-Virus programs	42. Dreamweaver	67. Anchor
18. Gif	43. Macromedia	68. Bookmark
19. Tif	44. Illustrator	69. Boolean Logic
20. Jpeg (or jpg)	45. Vector	70. Boot
21. Png	46. AOL	71. Breadcrumb

22. SWF	47. MSN	72. Cascading Style sheet
23. Ad Banner	48. Alt Tag	73. Case sensitive
24. Apache	49. Alt Text	74. Cell padding
25. Citrix	50. WAV file	75. CGI
26. Encryption	51. Facebook	76. LISTSERV
27. Chat Room	52. Farm out	77. Log in
28. Cipher	53. Fat binary	78. Mainframe
29. Cisco	54. Fast tracking	79. Malware
30. Click Through	55. Fiber Optic	80. Mash-up
31. Client error	56. File	81. Megabyte
32. .com	57. File compression	82. MS-Dos
33. .edu	58. Firmware	83. My Space
34. .cc	59. First -generation	84. Nanosecond
35. .org	60. Freeware	85. Naptser
36. .biz	61. Front Page	86. Net Neutrality
37. Cookies	62. Gbps	87. NewsGroups
38. Crawler	63. Generation X	88. Novel
39. Cross-platform	64. Generation Y	89. On demand
40. Data	65. Geocaching	90. Page views
41. Data dump	66. Ghost site	91. Palmtop
42. Data mining	67. Gig	92. PayPal
43. DeFrag	68. Search engine	93. Pearl
44. Down stream	69. Guestbook	94. Photoshop
45. DSL	70. Hacker	95. Pixel
46. Dynamic	71. Icon	96. Pod casting
47. SQL	72. Identity Theft	97. Pop-up
48. E-commerce	73. Java	98. Post Script
49. Encoding	74. Java Script	99. Protocol
50. End user	75. Keyword	100. QWERTY
51. Ergonomics	76. Kilobyte	101. WYSIWYG
52. Ethernet	77. Lan	102. Quick time
53. Eudora	78. Linux	103. Query

Resources to help you find information:

<http://www.netlingo.com/inframes.cfm>

<http://whatis.techtarget.com/> - good place to get definitions of technical terms

<http://www.learnthenet.com/english/html/13wworks.htm> easy explanation of the web

<http://www.brainpop.com/> - good videos

<http://computer.howstuffworks.com/web-server.htm> -great overall picture on how the web works

<http://www.howstuffworks.com/internet-infrastructure.htm> - more info on the how the web works.